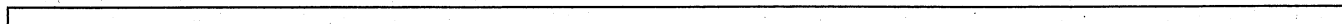


Human Beginnings

Paleolithic Age, Era, or Period	Neolithic Age, Era, or Period
The Old Stone Age	The New Stone Age
2 million to 10,000 BC	9000- 3500 BC
hunters and gatherers (nuts, berries, & seed)	Farmers
flint, stone, & bone tools	polished tools made of metal with sharper points
hunting, fishing, & gathering plants for food	grew a variety of crops & raised domesticated animals such as sheep, goats, & cattle
lived in caves & skin tents	built permanent houses of mud bricks, wood, & thatch
Nomad/Wanderer	Settlers / Settled in fertile crescent to grow crops for food
used resources & moved on	formed communities where they could share work and protect each other
clothes made from animal skins & tools made from stone & bone	made better clothes from crops such as cotton and made tools from metal towards the end of this age
crude tools limited their advancement	invention of agriculture, mixed farming, & the wheel caused many changes for humans
no specialization of occupation	Specialization such as - carpentry, weaving, & pottery
survival	trade / cultural diffusion (learning from other cultures) traditional economy / bartering

Cro-Magnon Man

Lived in Europe, and did not live a life of constant struggle because they worked together to provide food for their tribe. They learned to store food, and use traps to gather food while they were doing other things. They built rafts and canoes, and bow and arrows. They also drew cave paintings. First early Humans!



From Hunters and Gatherers to Farmers

Vocabulary:

- Nomad – wanderer
- Occupation – job / activity
- Domesticated – home raised. Opposite is 'wild'.
- Traditional Economy – bartering

Questions:

1-7 fact questions / 7-12 'think about' questions

- 1. How did people during the Paleolithic Age get their food?**
- 2. The Neolithic Age ended when people started to replace stone with what material?**
- 3. In what types of areas did many early farmers settle? Why is it called this?**
- 4. Once people began to settle down, what other activities could they now focus on?**
- 5. What sort of animals did early farmers raise?**
- 6. What types of materials did early peoples use to construct their shelters during the Neolithic Age?**
- 7. In what ways did the establishment of communities make life more convenient and efficient?**
- 8. Why were permanent shelters important to early people as we move from the Paleolithic Age to the Neolithic Age?**
- 9. Explain how the creation of new jobs led to the improvement in the products that these early people created.**
- 10. What factors inspired early Neolithic people to trade with other people?**
- 11. Explain how trade led to cultural diffusion.**
- 12. Explain why scientists believe that there are clear signs that Cro-Magnons had an advanced culture.**