The Greek City-States

Before Greece was conquered by Alexander the Great, the Greece was divided into small countries centered on individual cities.

acropolis	agora	arts	city-states
divided	government	language	militaristic
oligarchy	polis	thinkers	voted



Though everyone in ancient Greece spoke the same _____ and worshipped the same gods, Greece was not a united country. Instead, Greece was into hundreds of , which were small countries that included a city and the surrounding farmland. The Greek word for a city-

state is ______. A typical polis had a marketplace called an

and a fortress on a high hill called an . Each city-state had its own form of ______ and system of laws. Athens, for example, is known for its democratic government where all citizens ______ to choose new leaders or make new laws. Sparta, on the other hand, was ruled by an _____, which consisted of two kings and a council of important citizens.

As well, as having different forms of government, Greek city-states could have very different cultures as well. Spartan society was _____. All citizens of Sparta spent a large part of their life in the army. In contrast, Athenians loved the _____. Athens produced many great _____ and writers.



