VASSALS SERFS CASTLE SIMONY NOBLES KINGDOM LAY INVESTITURE **SAMURAI** WORDS OF THE **FEUDALISM FIEFDOM** MIDDLE AGES **CONCORDAT MONASTERY CRUSADES** PAPAL BULL **VIKINGSS PAPACY**

BUSHIDO CANON LAWS

Timeline of Events

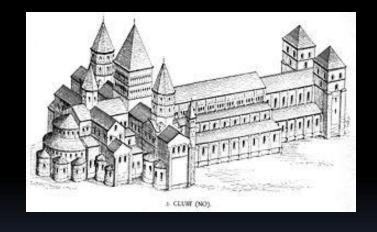


Charlemagne Crowned
HOLY ROMAN
EMPEROR

800 C.E.



MONASTERY
AT CLUNY
Is Founded





OTTO THE FIRST

(The Great) Became a German King 936 C.E.

Timeline of Events

962 C.E.

Otto the Great Crowned
HOLY ROMAN
EMPEROR





POPE GREGORY VII

Banned Lay

Investiture

1075 C.E.

1077 C.E.

Henry IV (Holy Roman Emperor)
was Excommunicated
& asked the Pope for
Forgiveness





Issues with Lay Investiture

In 1075, Pope Gregory VII began reforms to eliminate the Medieval practice of Lay Investiture (Kings appointing Bishops)

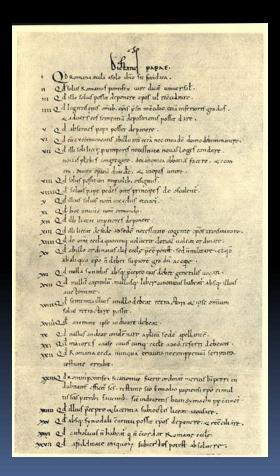
Pope Gregory VII issued a decree called the Papal Dictates

The Papal Dictates were a series of Canon Laws that ultimately declared the following:

- 1. Papal Authority was over Secular Authority
- 2. Pope's could depose the Holy Roman Emperor
- 3. Lay Investiture was a violation of God & the Church



Henry IV (Holy Roman Emperor)
opposed and threatened
Pope Gregory VII in a very nasty
worded letter



Issues with Lay Investiture



Pope Gregory VII responded to Henry IV by Excommunicating him and declaring his power as Holy Roman Emperor void



Henry IV asked for help from German Bishops who were unwilling to oppose Pope Gregory VIII

In Dec 1076, the German Princes met to select a new German Ruler as Holy Roman Emperor





In Jan 1977, Henry IV travelled to the Fortress at Canossa (in Northern Italy) to ask for Forgiveness

Eventually Pope Gregory VIII met with Henry IV and granted him forgiveness

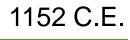
Timeline of Events



CONCORAT of WORMS

(Intended to End Lay Investiture)

1122 C.E.



FREDERICK I

(BARBASROSSA)
HOLY ROMAN EMPEROR





WAR BETWEEN

HOLY ROMAN EMPEROR and POPE

1176-1177 C.E.



Timeline of Events



WAR BREAKS OUT

BETWEEN FREDERICK I (Barbarossa) and POPE ALEXANDER IIII





Lombard League

Opposed German rule of Frederick in the Papal States of Northern Italy

Lombard League

Defeated Frederick's Imperial Forces and the Holy Roman Emperor Signed the Treaty of Legnano

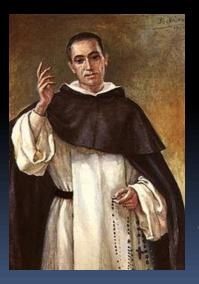
Timeline of Events

WANDERING FRIARS

TEACH THE PEASANT POPULATION

1200's C.E.

TWO KEY RELIGIOUS ORDERS WERE FORMED TO SPREAD GOD'S WORD
TO THE POOR AND DESTITUTE



DOMINICANS

Named after Saint Dominique

Wore White Robes

Created Schools to teach literacy

FRANCISCANS

Named after Saint Francis of Assisi

Wore Brown Robes

Traveled from Village



Major Problems in the Church

TWO GREAT POWERS STRUGGLED TO CONTROL FEUDAL EUROPE



CHURCH or PAPACY

STATE or MONARCHY



FEUDALISM DID WHAT TO SOCIETY?

DIVIDED THE POPULATION

UNIFIED THE PEOPLE

THE CHURCH DID WHAT FOR THE PEOPLE?

THE CHURCH DEVELOPED ITS OWN POWER IN FEUDAL SOCIETY

Important Religious Ceremonies

Rules for Religious Practices

SACRAMENTS

CANON LAWS

Major Problems in the Church

TWO HARSH PUNISHMENTS UNDER CHURCH LAWS

Banishment from the Church

Restrictions on Religious Services

EXCOMMUNICATION

CONFLICT BETWEEN CHURCH AND KINGS OVER APPOINTMENTS?

INTERDICTION

LAY INVESTITURE

CONCORDAT of WORMS

RELIGIOUS TREATY DESIGNED TO COMPROMISE CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

THREE MANOR PROBLEMS WITHIN THE CATHOLIC CHURCH BY 900 CE

PRIESTS WERE?

Violating Church Policies by Getting Married

BISHOPS WERE?

Violating Church Policies by Selling Favors

KINGS WERE?

Violating the Papacy thru Lay Investiture



Hierarchy of Church Society

POPE

(Power of the Papacy)



CARDINALS

(Select Popes / Pass Laws)



BISHOPS

(Manage Church Lands)

PRIESTS

(Congregational Leaders)



FRIARS and MONKS

(Dedicated to a vow of Poverty and Spiritual Learning/Teaching)