

THE BYZANTINE EMPIRE

How did the Byzantines preserve Greco-Roman Culture?

About 330
CE (AD):

Greek City became new
capitol of Eastern Empire

BYZANTIUM

By 395
CE (AD):

Problems between East and
West caused major changes

EMPIRE DIVIDED

By 478
CE (AD):

Last Roman Emperor being
ousted from power marked
this key event in history

FALL OF ROME

In 527
CE (AD):

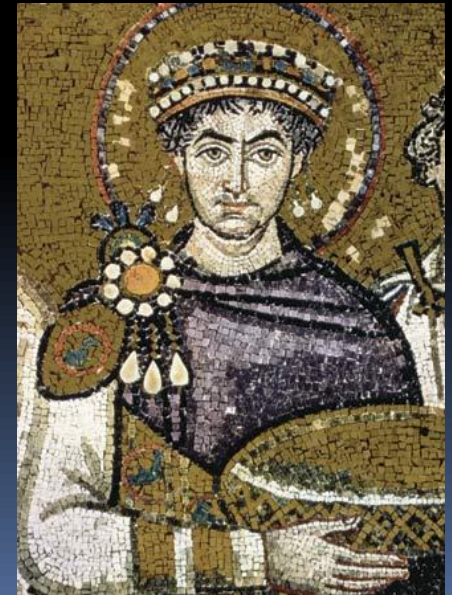
A high ranking Nobleman
became eastern Emperor

EMPEROR
JUSTINIAN

533-549
CE (AD):

New Emperor sent this
military commander on
campaign to reclaim all
lost Roman lands

GENERAL
BELSARIUS



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534-565
CE (AD):

Panel of Legal Experts
compile new uniform code
of laws for the Empire

JUSTINIAN CODE

New Code was Divided into Four Parts?

1. Contained Nearly 5000 Roman Laws

THE CODE

2. Contained Legal Opinions in 50 Volumes

THE DIGEST

3. Textbook for New Law Students

THE INSTITUTES

4. Contained New Laws created after 534CE

THE NOVELLAE

534-565
CE (AD):

New Emperor ordered
improvements to the
new Imperial Capitol

CONSTANTINOPLE

THE BYZANTINE EMPIRE

How did the Byzantines preserve Greco-Roman Culture?

534-565
CE (AD):

Emperor focuses on the
Preservation of this Culture

GRECO-ROMAN

EMPEROR'S RELIGIOUS STRUCTURE BECOMES ANOTHER LEGACY



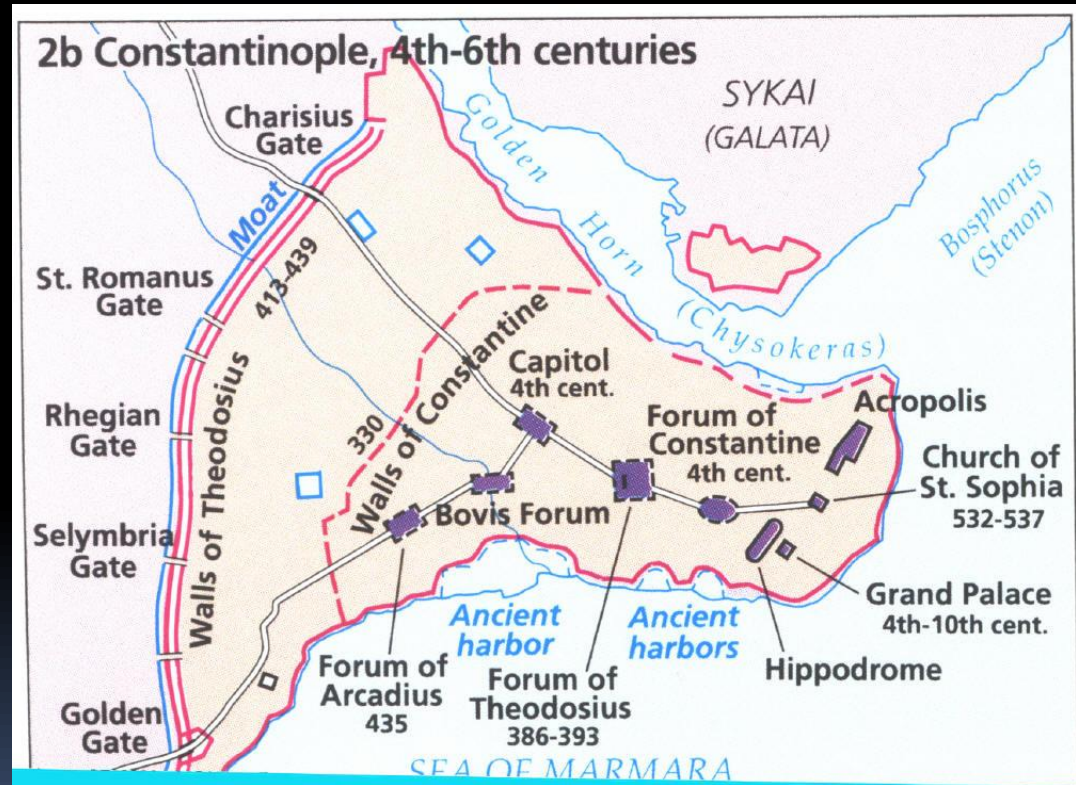
HAGIA SOPHIA

THE BYZANTINE EMPIRE

How did the Byzantines preserve Greco-Roman Culture?

CITY'S NEW INFRASTRUCTURE BECOMES ANOTHER LEGACY

1. GREAT PALACE
2. PUBLIC BATHS
3. AQUEDUCTS
4. COURTS
5. SCHOOLS
6. HOSPITALS



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How did the Byzantines preserve Greco-Roman Culture?

PRESERVATION OF CLASSICAL LEARNING BECOMES ANOTHER LEGACY



1. GRAMMAR
2. LITERATURE
3. PHILOSOPHY
4. GEOMETRY
5. HISTORY
6. MEDICINE

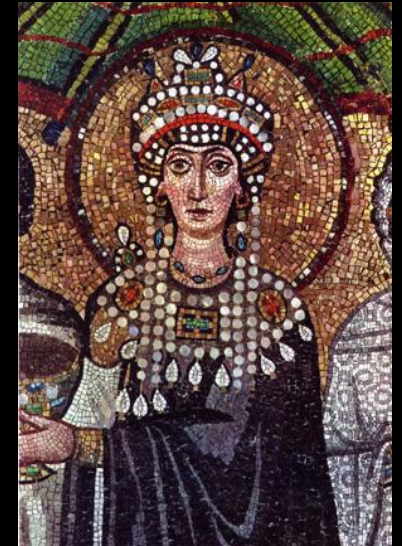
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525-548
CE (AD):

She provided important support to the Emperor

EMPRESS
THEODORA



540-700
CE (AD):

New Disease killed a large percentage of population

BUBONIC
PLAGUE

880-964
CE (AD):

New Northern neighbors established trade with the Byzantine Empire

SLAVS (RUS)

957-989
CE (AD):

Two important rulers from the northern empire converted to Christianity

1. PRINCESS OLGA

2. PRINCE VLADIMIR

ROMAN
CATHOLIC
(Western Empire)

Differences in Beliefs
cause Great Schism

EASTERN
ORTHODOX
(Eastern Empire)

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How did the Byzantines preserve & improve Legal Traditions?

PENAL CODE MATCHING

HAMMURABI'S CODE

Code: #3

Term(s): Accusation

Punishment: Death

PENAL CODE 182

To falsely and maliciously cause another to be charged or arrested for a crime is punishable by up to nine years in prison.

TWELVE TABLES of ROME

Code: Table VII, Law XII

Term(s): False Testimony

Punishment: Death

BIBLICAL (MOSAIC) LAW

Code: Deuteronomy 19-16

Term(s): False Witness

Punishment: Eye for Eye

ISLAMIC LAW

Code: Sura 24, Verse 4

Term(s): False Charge

Punishment: Flog 80x

JUSTINIAN CODE

Code: Book I, Law I

Term(s): False Testimony

Punishment: Death

THE BYZANTINE EMPIRE

How did the Byzantines preserve & improve Legal Traditions?

PENAL CODE MATCHING

HAMMURABI'S CODE

Code: #229 - 230

Term(s): Cause Death

Punishment: Death

PENAL CODE 187

The unlawful killing of a human being, with malice aforethought, is punishable by death or confinement of up to 25 years.

TWELVE TABLES of ROME

Code: Table VII, Law XIII

Term(s): Kills

Punishment: Death

BIBLICAL (MOSAIC) LAW

Code: Exodus 21:12

Term(s): Smiteth / Die

Punishment: Death

ISLAMIC LAW

Code: Sura 4, Verse 93

Term(s): Kills

Punishment: Death

JUSTINIAN CODE

Code: Book IV, Law III, #17

Term(s): Kills

Punishment: Death

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How did the Byzantines preserve & improve Legal Traditions?

PENAL CODE MATCHING

HAMMURABI'S CODE

Code: #6, 8, 14, 21, 22

Term(s): Steal

Punishment: Death

PENAL CODE 211

The taking of the personal property of another, against their will is punishable by up to five years in Prison.

TWELVE TABLES of ROME

Code: Table II, Law V & XVIII

Term(s): Theft

Punishment: Slavery

BIBLICAL (MOSAIC) LAW

Code: Exodus 22: 1-4

Term(s): Steal / Theft

Punishment: Restore 2 or 4x Value

ISLAMIC LAW

Code: Sura 5, Verse 38

Term(s): Theft

Punishment: Cut off Hands

JUSTINIAN CODE

Code: Book IV, Law I & II

Term(s): Theft / Robs

Punishment: Pay 4x Value

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PENAL CODE MATCHING

HAMMURABI'S CODE

Code: #195-197

Term(s): Strike

Punishment: Eye of Eye

PENAL CODE 247

Any willful and unlawful use of force or violence upon another is punishable by up to six months in a county jail.

TWELVE TABLES of ROME

Code: Table VII, Law IX & X

Term(s): Breaks / Maimed

Punishment: Eye for Eye

BIBLICAL (MOSAIC) LAW

Code: Exodus 21:15 & 24

Term(s): Smiteth / Hurts

Punishment: Eye for Eye

ISLAMIC LAW

Code: Sura 5, Verse 45

Term(s): Strikes / Hurts

Punishment: Eye for Eye

JUSTINIAN CODE

Code: Book IV, Law IV

Term(s): Injury / Strikes

Punishment: Eye for Eye

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PENAL CODE MATCHING

HAMMURABI'S CODE

Code: #129

Term(s): Lay w/Another

Punishment: Death

PENAL CODE 261

Unlawful sexual relations with a person who is not a spouse constitutes adultery and is punishable by up to 1 year in prison.

TWELVE TABLES of ROME

Code: Table IV, Law V & VI

Term(s): Adultery

Punishment: May Kill Male

BIBLICAL (MOSAIC) LAW

Code: Deuteronomy 22:22

Term(s): Lying w/Another

Punishment: Death

ISLAMIC LAW

Code: Sura 24, Verse 2

Term(s): Adultery or Fornication

Punishment: Flog 100x

JUSTINIAN CODE

Code: Book I, Law X, #14-15

Term(s): Adultery

Punishment: May Kill Both